

The North Yorkshire & city of York Domestic Abuse Strategy 2018-2022



CITY OF
YORK
COUNCIL

Police and Crime
Commissioner
North Yorkshire



Foreword

Police Fire and Crime Commissioner

Domestic abuse is a scourge on society. It is an issue affecting men, women and children, rural and urban communities, young and old. It cares not for gender, sexuality or race. It is indiscriminate. It is hidden.

Over the past few years we have made real progress in our collective response. This strategy is another step forward, and I am pleased that for the first time, we are now pooling resources and understanding across North Yorkshire and York to better protect and support victims and survivors, change perpetrators and comfort children. This strategy sets out how we will work together to make North Yorkshire and York a safer place, and sets clear objectives as to what we need to achieve. It is a strategy I am proud to have been a part of, proud to fund and believe it will make a real difference in communities across North Yorkshire and York.

Julia Mulligan, Police Fire and Crime Commissioner

Safer York Partnership & North Yorkshire Community Safety Partnership

Strategic Governance for Domestic Abuse is shared between Safer York Partnership and the North Yorkshire Community Safety Partnership. Domestic Abuse is a strategic Priority within both Community Safety Strategies, working alongside the Safeguarding Adults and Childrens' Boards to ensure that there is provision to support victims and perpetrators of Domestic Abuse across both City of York and the county of North Yorkshire. As Chairs of the partnerships we welcome the refreshed Domestic Abuse Strategy and the new programme of jointly commissioned services which will support the delivery of the strategy. Both partnerships commit to a joint approach to tackling Domestic Abuse across both City of York and the county of North Yorkshire and with our partners we will ensure that the strategy is reflected in operational delivery models.

Justin Ives

North Yorkshire CSP

Stuart Simpson

Safer York Partnership

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This strategy outlines North Yorkshire & York's commitment to supporting all those affected by domestic abuse.

Definition

The Government's definition of domestic abuse is:

“Any incident or pattern of incidents of controlling, coercive or threatening behaviour, violence or abuse between those aged 16 or over who are or have been intimate partners or family members regardless of gender or sexuality. This can encompass but is not limited to the following types of abuse: Psychological, physical, sexual, financial, emotional”

Controlling behaviour includes a range of acts designed to make a person subordinate and/or dependent by isolating them from sources of support, exploiting their resources and capacities for personal gain, depriving them of the means needed for independence, resistance and escape and regulating their everyday behaviour.

Coercive behaviour includes an act or a pattern of acts of assault, threats, humiliation and intimidation or other abuse that is used by perpetrators to harm, punish, or frighten their victim. This includes issues of concern to black and minority ethnic (BME) communities such as so-called honour based violence, forced or early marriage and female genital mutilation.

All forms of domestic abuse involve perpetrators seeking to exert power and control over their partners or family members and often incorporates a range and variety of different abusive behaviours.

This strategy recognises the importance of distinguishing between the different types of domestic abuse including 'intimate violence', 'child to parent violence' and 'peer on peer violence' each of which will have different causes, patterns of development, consequences and require different forms of intervention.

Statutory Obligations

Tackling domestic abuse is a Government priority and as such features within a number of key pieces of legislation. As national funding streams are often aligned to statutory obligations, it is important to ensure that this strategy is aligned to delivery of those obligations.

The Equality and Human Rights Commission recommends that employers adopt an effective workplace domestic abuse policy to demonstrate commitment to supporting victims and taking action against perpetrators.

Section 120 of the Adoption and Children Act 2002, which came into force in January 2005, extended the legal definition of harming children in the Children Act 1989 to include harm suffered by seeing or hearing ill treatment of others, especially in the home.

The Care Act 2014 and its accompanying guidance outlines that the aims of adult safeguarding are to:

- Stop abuse and neglect wherever possible
- Prevent harm and reduce the risk of abuse
- Safeguard adults in a way that supports them to make choices and have control
- Promote an approach that concentrates on improving life
- Raising public awareness so that communities can challenge abuse
- Provide information so that people can understand different types of abuse.

Violence Against Women and Girls

Violence against women and girls (VAWG) are serious crimes. These crimes have a huge impact on our economy, health services and the criminal justice system. Protecting women and girls from violence and supporting victims, remains a priority for this government. The VAWG strategy was published March 2016, a cross government strategy, with an ambitious vision for tackling abuse in all of its forms.

Consultation- Domestic Abuse Bill

In March 2018 the government launched a consultation on domestic abuse, seeking new laws and stronger powers to protect and support survivors.

The proposals include;

- New Domestic Abuse Protection Orders to better shield victims against further action by enabling courts to impose a range of conditions on abusers
- Creation of a statutory aggravating factor in sentencing, similar to those already in law for hate crimes
- Tougher sentences when it involves or affects a child
- Introduction of a Domestic Abuse Commissioner to hold the government to account.

Stalking and Harassment

In carrying out analysis of domestic abuse cases, Stalking and harassment has emerged as a common theme. Stalking is a pattern of persistent and unwanted attention that makes you feel pestered, scared, anxious or harassed. Some examples of stalking are:

- Regularly giving unwanted gifts
- Making unwanted communication
- Damaging property
- Repeatedly following you or spying on you
- Threats

Taken in isolation, some of the behaviours may seem like small acts, but together they make up a consistent pattern of behaviour that is frightening and upsetting. The 2012 Stalking and Harassment Act recognises stalking as harassment that may include persistent and repeated contact or attempts to contact a victim.

Statistics on stalking

- A study on the relationship between stalking and homicide involving a female victim and male perpetrator, found that in 71% of cases the victim and perpetrator were in, or had previously had, an intimate relationship
- Data from the Crime Survey of England and Wales shows up to 700,000 women are stalked each year
- Victims do not tend to report to the police until the 100th Incident
- Statistics show that the majority of victims (80.4%) are female while the majority of perpetrators (70.5%) are male
- The Metropolitan Police Service found that 40% of the victims of domestic homicides had also been stalked

Our Vision

In accordance with the Home Office definition this document sets out a vision for how domestic abuse should be addressed across York and North Yorkshire and will be underpinned by localised implementation plans for the county and city.

Vision Statement

Partner agencies across York and North Yorkshire recognise the negative impact that Domestic Abuse has on families, children and communities, and are committed to providing effective and consistent support and interventions to meet the needs of those affected

Our vision supports the vision and priorities of the Police and Crime Plan 2017-2021 for York and North Yorkshire that “by 2021, North Yorkshire Police will be synonymous with exceptional service, in the round” to be achieved through:

- Caring about the Vulnerable
- Ambitious Collaboration
- Reinforcing Local Policing

- Enhancing the Customer Experience

Key Principles

- Understanding the needs and expectations of adults, children and young people affected by domestic abuse and using this knowledge to shape the objectives of this strategy
- Working in partnership in a planned and co-ordinated way that will drive activities and deliver real outcomes
- Communicating and educating our community on the causes and effects of domestic abuse

Objectives

1. **To co-ordinate services committed to early intervention and prevention of domestic abuse for adults, children and young people.**
2. **To improve and deliver support to children and young people who are affected by domestic abuse.**
3. **To improve the safety of victims who experience domestic abuse and support them in rebuilding their lives.**
4. **To co-ordinate and deliver interventions for perpetrators to reduce reoffending**
5. **To work together to improve the equity and consistency of services with committed funding through effective partnership working**
6. **To empower those who wish to remain in a relationship with the values, attitudes and skills to remain safe**
7. **To engage with communities to raise awareness and build confidence to seek advice and support when required**

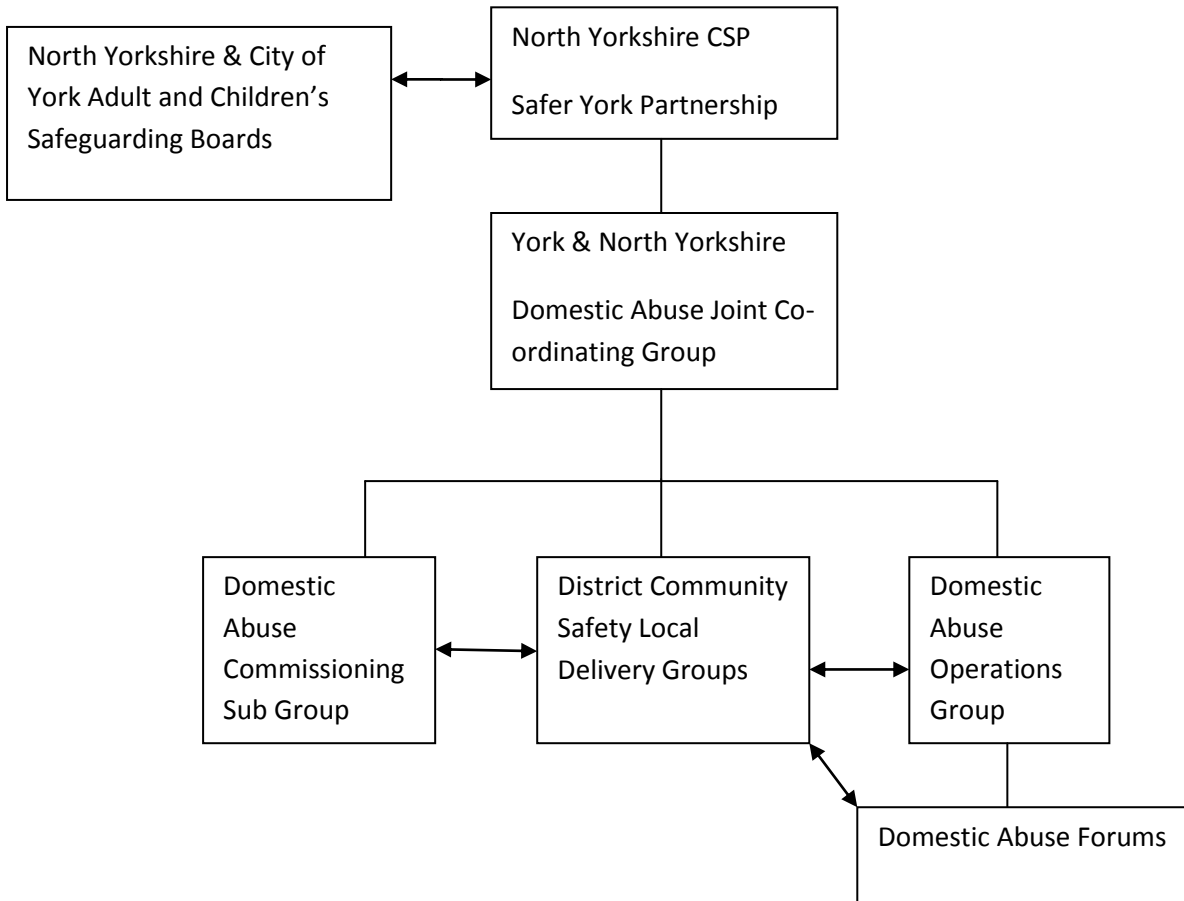
8. **To carry out annual review of cases to ensure that , patterns and trends are identified which are impacting on domestic abuse**

2.0 Domestic Abuse Governance and Delivery Structure

In 2015 the chairs of the Childrens and Adults Safeguarding Boards and the Community Safety Partnerships for North Yorkshire and York approved a new Governance Structure for Domestic Abuse whereby strategic responsibility would sit with the Community Safety Partnerships with a link via an Interboard Protocol to the Safeguarding Boards.

- 2.1 Operational delivery is co-ordinated through the York and North Yorkshire Domestic Abuse Joint Co-ordinating Group (DAJCG). The DAJCG includes representation from key agencies and sectors who through this group deliver their commitment to continue to reduce the impact of domestic abuse and the effects on families across the sub-region. In order to do this, we need to ensure that services are improving people's lives, with an emphasis on early-intervention and providing secure provision and consistent services across the county and city.
- 2.2 The DAJCG meets quarterly to develop a multi-agency strategic overview of domestic abuse and related topics. This includes delivering specific strategic projects and obtaining an overview of delivery and barriers in achieving local Domestic Abuse Action Plans. The DAJCG aims to ensure consistent service delivery and standards in relation to how domestic abuse is tackled across the sub-region.
- 2.3 The DAJCG is underpinned by two sub-groups. The Domestic Abuse Commissioning Group oversees the commissioning of domestic abuse services and management of performance relating to those contracts. The Domestic Abuse Operations Group oversees the multi-agency operations that support delivery of domestic abuse services eg MARAC and Making Safe, drafts the domestic abuse strategy and oversees the development and delivery of performance management reporting to the DAJCG.

Domestic Abuse Governance Structure



2.4 Partnership Communication

Through signing up to this strategy we are committed to communicating effectively not only with other agencies but also with members of the community. This includes:

- Delivering coordinated awareness raising with all members of the community
- Delivering targeted training to identified partner agencies
- Facilitating coordinated communication within and between partnership agencies
- Assessing awareness raising/training to ensure its effectiveness and appropriate service delivery.

3. Equality Statement

This strategy recognises that domestic abuse can affect people regardless of age; ethnicity; religion or belief; disability; sexual orientation; or gender. An Equality Impact Assessment has been undertaken to inform the development of the strategy and determine the impact on the different groups.

The York and North Yorkshire Domestic Abuse Joint Co-ordinating Group recognises that domestic abuse:

- Is predominantly *but not exclusively* the abuse of women by their male partner or ex-partner
- Causes significant harm to children in the household
- Also occurs between other family members
- Requires specific procedures and practices if it is to be tackled effectively

Whilst women are predominantly the victims of domestic abuse, it is important to note that domestic abuse can be also be perpetrated against men. Abuse can occur in any personal or family relationship including straight, gay and transgender relationships, with a number of published studies suggesting that domestic abuse occurs at a similar rate in both mixed and same sex relationships.

4.0 **Key Achievements from The North Yorkshire & City of York Domestic Abuse Strategy 2014 – 2018**

- Establishment of clear Governance Arrangements through the Community Safety Partnerships
- Establishments of a single reporting mechanism across York & North Yorkshire Safeguarding Boards
- Audit of all commissioned services and design of a single commissioning process
- Joint Strategic Needs Assessment to underpin the commissioning process
- Establishment of an Operations Group to focus on improving service delivery

5. **Outcomes 2018-2022**

5.1 **Objective 1 – Early intervention & Prevention**

This strategy recognises that early intervention through increased awareness is a priority in the prevention of domestic abuse.

Outcomes

- Increased confidence in reporting and understanding of domestic abuse across all agencies
- Increased understanding of healthy relationship and forms of domestic abuse amongst different agencies and the public
- Review of the domestic abuse training plan and development of a consistent programme of training across the sub-region
- Improved understanding of changes in legislation and processes linked to tackling domestic abuse
- Increased awareness and understanding of healthy relationships through educational settings

5.2 **Objective 2 – Children and Young People**

This strategy recognises that children and young people are affected by domestic abuse as: witnesses; experiencing abuse directly; and/or living within an abusive household. The strategy will ensure that we recognise the needs of and provide effective support for children and young people who are affected by

domestic abuse and develop more preventative approaches through early interventions and awareness raising.

Outcomes

- Delivery of effective community education to increase awareness and understanding of healthy relationships and domestic abuse
- Increased awareness and understanding of the signs and impacts of domestic abuse and the support services available amongst staff working with children, young people and families
- Improved understanding of 'Young People using abuse' to inform effective response and intervention
Maintain the unique approach across North Yorkshire and City of York in relation to Domestic Abuse Notifications to Health Service (Midwifery)
- Expanded support services for young people who have experienced domestic abuse including those who may be at risk of becoming perpetrators
- Continued development and delivery of Operation Encompass
- Improve data and information in relation to the specific needs of children and young people and ensure that commissioning arrangements align to those needs

5.3 Objective 3 – Victims

This strategy recognises that adults of all ages (male and female) and children and young people can be affected by domestic abuse either directly or indirectly. The strategy will ensure that we take a victim focused approach, in order to increase confidence in reporting domestic abuse and to protect victims from experiencing further harm.

Outcomes

- Support for all victims to access specialist and non-specialist support services
- Improved local services and information to enable victims to remain in their own homes where safe and appropriate to do so
- Provision of safe supported accommodation for those who need to leave their homes
- Improved multi-agency responses to prevent and reduce domestic abuse, including the delivery of training and the Champions Scheme

- Development of opportunities to work with young people affected by domestic abuse
- Improvement understanding and responses to Child, Early and Forced Marriage (CEFM) and honour based violence
- Increased awareness and understanding of the signs and impacts of domestic abuse and the support services available amongst staff working with adults
- An improved response to and understanding of the domestic abuse of vulnerable adults, children and young people
- Retain the oversight of multi agency practices such as MARAC and capture best practise
- To recognise that young perpetrators may also be victims of Domestic Abuse

5.4 Objective 4 – Perpetrators

This strategy recognises that in addition to adult perpetrators of domestic abuse, young people may be identified as having or developing abusive behaviours.

Outcomes

- Improve our understanding of patterns of abuse and recognising abusive behaviour, including same sex relationships
- Deliver and continue to develop the Making Safe Scheme
- Investigate and improve our knowledge of specialist programmes for working with female perpetrators
- Develop knowledge and guidance on working with serial perpetrators including the development of a local Multi-agency Tasking and Coordination (MATAC) process
- Improve service abilities to identify perpetrators
- Identify perpetrators not in the criminal justice system

5.5 Objective 5 – Partnership Commitment

This strategy recognises the need to continue to work in partnership between councils and other agencies to deliver joint commissioning and effective and co-ordinated services. The strategy will be refreshed annually to reflect legislative and policy changes as well as changes to the local delivery landscape. Additional funding streams will also be explored to enable the Joint

Co-ordinating group to strive for continuous improvement in service delivery.

Outcomes

- Deliver the York & North Yorkshire Joint Commissioning Plan
- Review and refine the Multi-agency Risk Assessment Conference (MARAC) process to mitigate further risk of harm
- Effective partnership working through development of a consistent approach to Strategic Boards and domestic abuse forums across the sub-region
- Effective multi-agency sharing of lessons learnt from local and national domestic homicide reviews
- Review the strategy annually
- Identify funding streams to support enhanced local delivery

Couples Staying Together

5.6 Objective 6 - To recognise those who wish to remain in a relationship with the values, attitudes and skills to enable them to be safe

This strategy recognises that some individuals living in a relationship where domestic abuse is a factor may wish to remain in that relationship.

Outcomes

- Develop relationships between the families and agencies to work together.

Provision of easily accessible information and safety plans for those wishing to stay together.

Community Engagement

5.7 Objective 7 - To engage with communities to raise awareness and build confidence to seek advice and support when required

This strategy recognises the importance of understanding our communities and recognising where domestic abuse is more prevalent within specific communities.

Outcomes

- An understanding of the demographic makeup of our communities in particular minority and vulnerable groups.
- Effective programme of awareness raising addressing local needs with the public using a range of techniques i.e. social media, radio, educational workshops, etc.
- To increase underreporting in areas
- To engage with Schools and Young people to promote preventative work

5.8 Objective 8 – To carry out annual review of cases to ensure that , patterns and trends are identified which are impacting on domestic abuse

Outcomes

- Targeted education and awareness campaigns which focus on identification of patterns that could prevent domestic abuse
- Local delivery of support services is focused on the factors which contribute to abusive behaviour

5.9 The cost of domestic abuse

In 2017/18 there were 8,812 reported incidents of domestic abuse reported to police in York and North Yorkshire. Based on 'Safe Lives' (formally CAADA) estimate that the average cost of reporting domestic abuse is £30,000 per victim, the cost of tackling domestic abuse in York and North Yorkshire is high.

This figure is based on the estimated cost to the Police and Health Services; however, it does not include further costs such as refuges and support workers. This figure also does not cover external costs such as missed days at work. Once these further costs are factored in, the actual cost of Domestic Abuse in North Yorkshire is much higher.

This strategy recognises the importance of preventative measures in reducing offending and reoffending to drive down the cost and impact of domestic abuse across North Yorkshire and York.

6.0 **Related Documents and Guidance**

This strategy has been informed by local and national guidance. For further context on the objectives of this strategy please see the following:

The Ministry of Justice's [Victims' Service Commissioning Framework](#) and the [Code of Practice for Victims of Crime](#)

The national [Violence Against Women & Girls Sector: Sector Shared Core Standards](#) which have been developed by the Violence Against Women and Girls Sector Sustainability Working Group, formed in 2013 by [Imkaan](#), [Rape Crisis England & Wales](#), [Respect](#), [SafeLives](#) and [Women's Aid](#).

Below is a link to the Children and Young People plan for City of York Council:

<http://www.york.org.uk/workforce2014/Dream%20again%20and%20YorkOK%20Board/dream-again---the-children-and-young-peoples-plan.htm>

From a NYSCB Perspective:

The Vulnerability Practice Guidance -

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/practice-guidance/vcl-09-2018.pdf>

Children and Young People who Display Sexually Harmful Behaviour Practice Guidance -

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/practice-guidance/youngpeoplewhosexuallyharmpgv3.pdf>

NYSCB Standards and Criteria

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/procedures/standards-criteria-4-2.pdf>

Missing from Home and Care Protocol

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/practice-guidance/missing-from-home-and-care-protocol.pdf>

When a Young Person discloses Sexual Assault or Sexual Assault is suspected

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/resources/discloses-sexual-assault-or-sexual-assault-is-suspected.docx>

Child Sexual Exploitation Practice Guidance -

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/practice-guidance/cse-practice-guidance-v2-1.pdf>

Professional Resolutions Practice Guidance

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/practice-guidance/professiona-resolution-practice-guidance-v1-1.pdf>

Modern Slavery Toolkit

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/resources/nyp-modern-slavery-toolkit.pdf>

Understanding the links between Domestic Abuse, Child Abuse and Animal Cruelty

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/resources/nspcc-understanding-links-.pdf>

One Minute Guide to Domestic Abuse Practitioner Audit -

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/one-minute-guide/domestic-abuse-omg.pdf>

Neglect Practice Guidance -

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/practice-guidance/neglect-pg.pdf>

Domestic Abuse Practice Guidance -

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/practice-guidance/neglect-pg.pdf>

Vulnerable, Exploited, Missing and Trafficked Practice Guidance -

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/practice-guidance/vemt-practice-guidance.pdf>

A Guide for Parents and Carers FGM -

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/resources/fgm-parent-information-leaflet.pdf>

Partnership Information Sharing Form -

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/forms/partnership-info-sharing-form.doc>

Prevent Practice Guidance -

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/practice-guidance/prevent-practice-guidance.pdf>

Pre-Birth Assessments Practice Guidance

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/practice-guidance/pre-birth-assessments.pdf>

Female Genital Mutilation Practice Guidance -

<http://www.safeguardingchildren.co.uk/admin/uploads/practice-guidance/nyscbfgmpgv1-0.pdf>

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